

Students' Perception About the Role of Artificial Intelligence for Quality Research

Dr. Muhammad Zeeshan

zeeshanabbasi703@gmail.com

Assistant Professor, Department of Education, The Islamia University of Bahawalpur, Punjab, Pakistan

Qurat ul Ain

hufcharoon@hotmail.com

Lecturer, Department of Education, The Islamia University of Bahawalpur, Punjab, Pakistan

Muhammad Ahmed Nawaz

ahmednawaz@iub.edu.pk

Lecturer, Department of Social Work, The Islamia University of Bahawalpur, Punjab, Pakistan

Corresponding Author: * Dr. Muhammad Zeeshan zeeshanabbasi703@gmail.com

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ABSTRACT

Artificial intelligence has made notable advances in academic settings in recent years. This research aims to understand students' perspectives on how AI tools may enhance scholarly work and explore students' assessments of AI's role in cultivating rigorous research trends among university graduates. The population studied included male and female students attending the Islamia University of Bahawalpur, Govt. Sadiq Women University, Bahawalpur, Bahauddin Zakariya University, Multan, Women University Multan. For this study, a convenience sampling technique was used. From each university, 150 students were selected conveniently. In this, the total sample size was 600. The researcher visited the data site personally. Upon receiving approval from the chairman of the concerned department, each respondent was given a copy of the questionnaire. The questionnaire was distributed among male and female students. The return rate of the questionnaire was 90%. Using SPSS software, data were analyzed by applying the frequency test, mean score, and standard deviation in accordance with the study's requirements. The majority of the respondents, 93.3% agreed with the statement that artificial intelligence provides a significant opportunity for quality research work. It was concluded that the majority of the students said artificial intelligence provides significant opportunities for quality research work. The use of AI helps me to find new approaches to quality research and also helps me to stay current with the new developments in my thesis work. It was recommended that Universities should incorporate AI tools and techniques into research methodologies across disciplines.

Keywords: Perception, Artificial Intelligence, Quality Research, Role of AI

INTRODUCTION

In the artificial intelligence (AI) society of today, humans can readily interact with AI at any time and from anywhere. These days, it is impossible to discuss education without bringing up artificial intelligence, as it affects every aspect of it, including the purpose, the subject matter, the delivery of instructions, and the assessment system (Rose & Holmes, 2016). Despite the significant impact that machine learning capable systems have had on industry, governments, and society, artificial intelligence has expanded rapidly (Makridakis, 2017).

They also influence more general global sustainability trends. Key issues for sustainable manufacturing, like waste management, supply chain management, energy resource optimization, and transportation, can be solved by artificial intelligence. In this context, artificial intelligence is being incorporated into green

manufacturing processes for more powerful environmental rules as part of a trend in smart production (Carvalho et al., 2019). The Fourth Industrial Revolution will be powered by artificial intelligence (Majorel, 2020). The educational community now defines artificial intelligence (AI) as a machine-based approach that uses algorithms to produce conclusions, recommendations, results, and assessments. AI can enhance education in a variety of settings (Hwang et al., 2020). Education-related artificial intelligence has proven to be a sector of technological innovations, theoretical concepts, and advantageous pedagogical influence (Bayne, 2015). Intelligent instructors for content delivery, feedback supply, and progress tracking are just a few of the many uses for AI (Roll & Wylie, 2016).

Artificial intelligence's opportunities are well known. By raising knowledge-gap awareness and offering specialized support, artificial intelligence helps teachers provide teaching that is both personalized and adaptive, which leads to more effective and efficient learning outcomes (Guan et al., 2020). Applications of artificial intelligence include computer vision, speech recognition, expert systems, heuristic classification, natural language understanding, and gaming (McCarthy, 2007). Artificial intelligence (AI) technology helps individuals in the fields of medicine and child education. They help users in locating accurate and relevant online-accessible data (Li & Du, 2017).

LITERATURE REVIEW

Education administration plays an important part in all educational institutions; regardless of academic training, educational establishments comprise schools, colleges, or universities that require a high level of focus on administrative duties. In addition to the basic organizational administration issues, the management of the educational institution must address some specific challenges. For example, in any other organization, services and goods may be excellent, but in educational institutions, people are the most important factor (Russel & Norvig, 2010).

These particular administrative challenges can include everything from the assessment of students' assignments and tests to providing appropriate feedback. The main topic of discussion was possible research issues related to educational administration. He claims that AI can significantly contribute to the administrative services provided by online and distance learning (Renz & Hilbig, 2020). A new approach to educational administration is provided by various AI-based educational programs, which lessen the workload of teachers by providing a platform for student feedback. Research on educational administration must continue to be prioritized.

Advances in artificial intelligence technologies have challenged the concept of STEM education, which stands for science, technology, engineering, art, and mathematics. This has made it possible for us to solve a lot of the current difficulties we confront in the actual world. Artificial Intelligence can play a role in facilitating the multifaceted and asymmetric treatment of natural language. Nevertheless, numerous scholars have challenged this idea and demonstrated that the only agents who can help lower language barriers are those who can be taught. A nation's future lies with its students (Suh & Ahn, 2022).

For instance, students employ artificial intelligence tools to varying degrees across disciplines. Those who are interested in geography can use Python for positioning, while those who are interested in finance can use artificial intelligence for data analysis, etc. These illustrations show that artificial intelligence technology is not limited to those studying computer science. Consequently, while fostering information literacy in college students, we should focus more on ethical learning related to artificial intelligence (Sijing & Lan, 2018).

Artificial intelligence technology is now more integrated into education and can be used in all facets of the field. Over the past 25 years, the field of artificial intelligence has seen significant advancements (Roll & Wylie, 2016). The application of artificial intelligence has led to significant advancements. The application of artificial intelligence to technology in our application programs to support decision-making, teaching, and learning in educational settings is known as artificial intelligence. There are numerous possible uses for artificial intelligence in educational environments. Artificial intelligence may now be applied to learning and teaching design in new and exciting ways thanks to the development of cutting-edge computer technologies, including wearables, quantum computing, robot control, sensor devices, and 5G wireless communication technologies (Hwang et al., 2020).

Artificial intelligence has increasingly pervaded education in recent years, finding various applications within academic institutions. Originally emerging from computer-based innovations, AI has since grown to encompass internet-driven and online platforms designed to foster intelligent learning. In time, humanoid robots, internally embedded systems, web-connected chat functions, and other advanced mechanisms have taken on instructional duties, whether independently or collaborating with live educators. For numerous students, grasping mathematical concepts has long posed challenges. However, harnessing advances in digital technologies, particularly artificial intelligence, presents one strategy for addressing such difficulties, as recent studies have begun to illustrate. While AI systems hold promise as educational aids, ongoing research continues exploring how best to leverage their capabilities to enhance learning while avoiding potential downsides (Kumar, & Raman, 2022).

This investigation has analyzed the applications and benefits of artificial intelligence in pedagogy. Moreover, a comprehensive inspection and analysis of synthetic intelligence programs and use cases was undertaken. There exists an immense possibility for artificial intelligence to transform education in interesting ways. Certainly, countries with cutting-edge synthetic intelligence and technological progress tend to have education systems that are exceptional and sophisticated. This study strived to bring greater complexity and variation to the examination of artificial intelligence's role in education through varied sentence structures and lengths while maintaining the original word count. Even if not entirely, education can be continued as an online course with future investments and proactive measures. The action that has to be completed in conjunction with in-person instruction can come into our lives as a hybrid system that blends in-person instruction with distance learning (Tovani, 2023).

Supporting and concentrating on the quickly expanding field of artificial intelligence in education requires an understanding of the current state of trends and their evolution. Information technology has unavoidably had a variety of effects on education as a result of its ongoing application or use. Artificial intelligence (AI) is being rapidly incorporated into a wide range of academic disciplines, which has sparked concerns about how this may affect the caliber and direction of graduate-level research (Vasconcelos, 2023). AI is a great tool for data analysis, literature reviews, and content creation, but questions have been raised about the originality, authenticity, and critical thinking of student-led research. The challenge is determining whether depending too much on AI improves the caliber and scope of scholarly work or undermines the acquisition of critical research abilities. To better understand how graduates' usage of AI influences their research method, work quality, and overall academic integrity, this study will look at how graduates' research patterns are affected by AI. Thus, the study was designed to examine of effects of artificial intelligence in producing quality research trends among university graduates (Wardat, 2023).

Objectives of the Research

The present study is based on the students' perception about the role of artificial intelligence for quality research and to evaluate the role of artificial intelligence in producing quality research trends among university graduates.

Delimitations of the research

Due to the limited resources, the study was limited to the public universities in Southern Punjab were the only ones included in this study. The survey was limited to the views of students at public universities. Bahauddin Zakriya University, Govt. Sadiq Women's University, the Islamia University of Bahawalpur, and the Women's University of Multan.

RESEARCH METHODOLOGIES

Population

The population of the current study consisted of males and female of the Islamia University of Bahawalpur, Govt. Sadiq Women's University, Bahawalpur, Bahauddin Zakriya University, Multan, and Women University, Multan.

Sampling

For this study, a convenience sampling technique was used. Out of 11 districts of southern Punjab, two districts, i.e., Bahawalpur and Multan, were selected randomly. From each district, two government universities were selected. From each university, 150 students were selected conveniently. In this, the total sample size was 600.

Data collection

The researcher visited the data site personally. Upon receiving approval from the chairman of the concerned department, each respondent was given a copy of the questionnaire. The questionnaire was distributed among male and female students of Islamia University, Bahawalpur, Govt. Sadiq Women University, Bahauddin Zakariya University, Multan, and Women University Multan. The return rate of the questionnaire was 90%.

Data Analysis

Using the SPSS software, data were analyzed by applying the frequency test, mean score, and standard deviation in accordance with the study's requirements. Tables were used to describe the data, and an interpretation was provided. Findings from these responses were used to draw inferences and make recommendations.

RESULTS AND INTERPRETATION

Table 1 indicates that 52.3% of the students strongly agreed that Artificial intelligence provides a significant opportunity for quality research work, and 41.0% in the Agree category. Only a small proportion of respondents were undecided (5.0%), and even fewer disagreed (DA 0.4%, SDA 1.3%). With a mean score of 4.43, this statement reflects the positive response among participants and shows a low standard deviation (0.724), indicating consistency in positive perception. 55% of the respondents agreed with the statement Use of artificial intelligence helps them to find new research opportunities on quality research, followed by 33.2% who strongly agreed. The undecided group accounted for 8.9%, while disagreement was relatively minimal (DA 2.8%, SDA 1.1%). The mean of 4.15 shows the positive

response of the students towards the statement. This suggests that many respondents view AI as a tool for exploring new areas in research, though slightly more varied in opinions. 47.1% of the students agreed that Artificial intelligence helps them to stay up to date with the latest developments in the field of research, and 36.5% Strongly Agreed. However, the Undecided percentage (1.3%) indicates that respondents were generally certain in their views. However, the respondent 11.5% of the respondents Strongly Disagreed, suggesting some resistance or dissatisfaction. With a mean of 4.14 and a standard deviation of 0.848, the responses indicate an overall positive response towards the statement.

Table 1

Perceptions of Respondents Regarding the Role of Artificial Intelligence in Enhancing Research Quality

Sr. No	Statements	SA %	A %	UND %	DA %	SDA %	Mean	Std. Deviation
1.	<i>Artificial intelligence provides a significant opportunity for quality research work</i>	52.3	41.0	5.0	.4	1.3	4.43	.724
2.	<i>The use of artificial intelligence helps me to find new research opportunities for quality research</i>	33.2	54.0	8.9	2.8	1.1	4.15	.781
3.	<i>Artificial intelligence helps me with the latest developments in the field of research</i>	36.5	47.1	1.3	3.5	11.5	4.14	.848
4.	<i>Artificial intelligence increases interdisciplinary research.</i>	27.3	48.1	16.7	7.2	16.7	3.94	.891
5.	<i>Research quality can be secure by the latest citation and referencing tools</i>	32.3	44.0	9.3	9.8	4.6	3.89	1.103

The table 1 also indicates that 48.1% of the respondents agreed that Artificial intelligence increases the interdisciplinary research, and 27.3% of them Strongly Agreed, but also the highest Undecided value (16.7%) and a notable 16.7% in Strongly Disagree, with 7.2% Disagree. This shows that while a majority still agree (75.4%), a significant number are unsure or skeptical about AI's role in interdisciplinary research. The mean score is 3.94, indicating the positive opinion of the respondents. The above table shows that 44% of the respondents agreed that Research quality can be secured by the latest citation and referencing tools, 32.3% of them Strongly Agree, with 9.3% undecided. However, it also had higher levels of disagreement (DA 9.8%, SDA 4.6%) compared to other statements. A mean of 3.89 shows the positive response of the students. The data shows that respondents widely recognize the value of AI in improving research quality and identifying new opportunities, with Statement 1 receiving the highest overall approval and agreement.

The data in the above table describes that 45.6% of the students agreed and 45.5% of them strongly agreed that Artificial intelligence can speed up the research process,". Very few respondents were undecided (6.7%). The table indicates that 2.0% Strongly Disagreed, and 0.2% disagreed with the statement. The mean score is 4.34, indicating strong consensus and positive perception that AI significantly contributes to accelerating research activities. The data about the statement that Artificial intelligence facilitates valid results about research studies presents a more mixed opinion. While 20.6% strongly agreed and 47.7% agreed, a notable 20.6% also strongly disagreed. Additionally, 9.8% disagreed, and only 1.3% were undecided. The mean score is 3.76, indicating that while many believe AI supports validity in research, there is also significant skepticism. The table highlights that Artificial Intelligence

enhances my research skills. The responses were generally favorable, with 31.9% Strongly Agree and 48.2% Agree, totaling over 80% positive responses. The data also describes that 4.8% disagreed and 13.5% strongly disagreed with the statement, while only 1.5% were undecided. The mean score of 4.04 reflects a positive perception, which shows that a majority find AI beneficial in developing personal research capabilities.

Table 2

Respondents' Perceptions of Artificial Intelligence in Supporting Research Process and Outcomes

Sr. No	Statements	SA %	A %	UND %	DA %	SDA %	Mean	Std. Deviation
1.	<i>Artificial intelligence can speed up the research process</i>	45.5	45.6	6.7	2.0	.2	4.34	.710
2.	<i>Artificial intelligence facilitates valid results in a research study</i>	20.6	47.7	1.3	9.8	20.6	3.76	.932
3.	<i>Artificial intelligence enhances my research skills</i>	31.9	48.2	1.5	4.8	13.5	4.04	.884
4.	<i>Artificial intelligence provides evidence-based answers in research</i>	27.6	39.3	18.9	12.8	1.3	3.79	1.026
5.	<i>Artificial intelligence tools generate graphics according to the research needs</i>	26.7	44.2	18.0	7.4	3.7	3.83	1.025

The responses about the statement Artificial intelligence provides evidence-based answers in research show that 27.6% Strongly Agree and 39.3% Agree, but also indicate that undecided respondents were 18.9%. Moreover, 12.8% of them disagreed, and 1.3% strongly disagreed with the statement. The mean value of 3.79 indicates a generally positive trend in AI's ability to consistently provide evidence-based outputs. The standard deviation of 1.026 confirms the spread in opinions. The data in the above table reveal that 44.2% of the respondents agreed that Artificial intelligence tools generate graphics according to the research needs, while 26.7% of them Strongly Agreed. However, a notable portion, 18.0% was undecided. The data also reveals that 7.4% of them disagreed, and 3.7% of them strongly disagreed. The mean score is 3.83 shows a positive response towards statements. In conclusion, the analysis reveals that respondents agreed that AI speeds up the research process.

Table 3 shows that 41.2% of the students agreed that Artificial intelligence ensures the validity of research findings, while 25.8% Strongly Agreed. However, 18.6% of them were undecided, and a notable 13.0% disagreed, with 1.5% strongly disagreeing. The mean score is 3.77 supports the statement. In the above table, the opinion about Artificial intelligence helps me the confirmation of previous research findings, showing that 29.7% of the respondents strongly agreed and 42.7% of them agreed, showing an agreed level of 72.4% of respondents. 17.6% of the students were undecided, while only 7.6% of them disagreed, and 2.4% of the respondents strongly disagreed. The mean score of 3.90 reflects a generally positive perception, and the standard deviation of 0.993 shows moderate variation in responses. These results indicate that AI is perceived as a useful tool in validating or cross-checking existing research, though some respondents remain on the fence. The data about the statements Artificial intelligence assists me in literature review quickly, indicates that 32.7% of the students strongly agreed, while 45.5% of them agreed, showing that 78.2% of the students agreed level. Meanwhile, 13.2% were undecided, 6.1% of the respondents disagreed, and only 2.6% of them strongly disagreed. The mean score is 3.99, approaching a strong positive rating, and the standard deviation is 0.969, indicating that most respondents agreed, though a few had differing views. This suggests that AI is widely valued for streamlining the literature

review process, a time-consuming task in research. It shows that 37.7% of the respondents strongly agreed, while 44.9% of them agreed that Artificial intelligence enhances my data analysis skills, which is 82.6% of the agreed level. A smaller portion was undecided, indicating 8.9% of them, and only 5.2% of the respondents disagreed, and 3.3% of them strongly disagreed. With a mean score of 4.08, this statement reflects strong agreement, and the standard deviation of 0.984 indicates fairly consistent responses. These results reveal that many respondents believe AI supports their development of data analysis competencies, which is a critical skill in research. The data shows that the statement Artificial intelligence helps university graduates identify relevant research articles more efficiently, indicating the highest percentage of Strongly Agreed, 43.4% of the respondents, and 41.7% of them Agreed. Only 9.6% of the respondents were undecided about the statement. The data shows that 3.3% of the respondents disagreed, and 1.9% of them strongly disagreed. The mean score is 4.22, and the standard deviation is the lowest (0.887), reflecting a strong consensus. This suggests that respondents overwhelmingly view AI as an effective tool for quickly locating relevant academic resources, a task essential for literature reviews and topic exploration.

Table 3

Respondents' Views on the Role of Artificial Intelligence in Validating and Supporting Research Activities

Sr. No	Statements	SA %	A %	UND %	DA %	SDA %	Mean	Std. Deviation
1.	<i>Artificial intelligence ensures the validity of research findings</i>	25.8	41.2	18.6	13.0	1.5	3.77	1.022
2.	<i>Artificial intelligence helps me for the confirmation of previous research findings</i>	29.7	42.7	17.6	7.6	2.4	3.90	.993
3.	<i>Artificial intelligence assists me in the literature review quickly</i>	32.7	45.5	13.2	6.1	2.6	3.99	.969
4.	<i>Artificial intelligence enhances my data analysis skills</i>	37.7	44.9	8.9	5.2	3.3	4.08	.984
5.	<i>Artificial intelligence helps university graduates identify relevant research articles more efficiently</i>	43.4	41.7	9.6	3.3	1.9	4.22	.887

FINDINGS

The majority of the respondents, 93.3% agreed with the statement that artificial intelligence provides a significant opportunity for quality research work, while the majority of the respondents, 87.2% them agreed with the statement that the use of artificial intelligence helps me to find new research opportunities on quality research. It shows that 83.6% agreed with the statement that artificial intelligence helps me to stay up to date with the latest developments in the field of research, while 75.4% of them agreed with the statement that artificial intelligence increases interdisciplinary research. Moreover, 76.3 % of them agreed with the statement that research quality can be secured by the latest citation and referencing tools; meanwhile, 91.1 % of them agreed with the statement that artificial intelligence can speed up the research process. Most of the respondents, 68.3% agreed with the statement that artificial intelligence facilitates valid results in research studies, and 80.1% of them agreed with the statement that artificial intelligence enhances my research skills. Most of the respondents, 66.9% agreed with the statement that artificial intelligence provides evidence-based answers in research. Most of the respondents, 70.9% agreed with the statement that artificial intelligence tools generate graphics according to the research needs. More than half of the respondents 67% agreed with the statement that artificial intelligence ensures the validity of

research findings, while 72.4% of them agreed with the statement that artificial intelligence helps for the confirmation of previous research findings. Most of the respondents, 78.2% agreed with the statement that artificial intelligence assists me in literature review quickly. The majority of the respondents, 82.6% agreed with the statement that artificial intelligence enhances my data analysis skills. The majority of the respondents, 85.1% agreed with the statement that artificial intelligence helps university graduates identify relevant research articles more efficiently.

DISCUSSION

The education sector, especially academic institutions, now has the opportunity to use and gain advantages from artificial intelligence (AI) due to the developments and innovations that facilitated its development and implementation. The implementation and utilization of AI in education have manifested in numerous distinct forms, as demonstrated by the various sources that have been analyzed and scrutinized. The initial implementations of AI in education manifested through computers and associated technology, utilized for diverse administrative tasks, instruction, and student learning. The parameters of these applications were determined according to the delineation of AI applications in technology (Pinchon et al., 2018).

A study emphasized the adverse effects of AI, such as the erosion of academic integrity and the employment of AI-generated paper mills and paper churn services for dishonest practices. The majority of the examined papers illustrated the various applications of AI in education, as well as its advantages and effects on administration, pedagogy, and learning. The advantages outweigh the drawbacks. AI-enhanced education will become increasingly significant as learning requirements evolve; yet, at present, AI in education is perceived as a rudimentary instructional support. It has not yet attained the zenith of intelligence in educational offerings and instead offers courses with varying levels of complexity based on core rule evaluation. Research on the instruction of AI systems utilizing probabilistic models and knowledge maps is accessible.

AI systems will generate an increasing volume of data as instructional interactions become more regular. This will enhance their comprehension of the teaching and learning process, enabling them to provide more precise recommendations. AI technologies will assist educators and learners by providing superior resources that enhance both instruction and comprehension, rendering the entire process quantifiable. These systems will be supported by learner analytics, machine learning, and data mining. Currently, clients have multiple options to obtain the appropriate response to every inquiry. The same results were found in the study conducted by Sain, Vasudevan, Serban, & Thelma, (2024).

This research indicates that artificial intelligence (AI) is extensively embraced and utilized in various aspects of research initiatives. It is noteworthy that numerous respondents at various research stages, from literature reviews to manuscript composition, recognized the benefits of AI. This may lead to more productive and better research outcomes by signifying a significant shift in researchers' perceptions and utilization of AI in their workflows. The respondents' perspectives on usability reveal lingering misgivings regarding the applicability of AI technologies for research. To fully harness the potential advantages of artificial intelligence for research projects, it is essential to enhance user interfaces and provide enough training. The findings indicate that the incorporation of AI as an effective instrument to enhance research methodologies and results is a favorable trend overall. Research approaches have undergone a notable transformation in acceptability and application, as demonstrated by the substantial proportion of respondents who saw the advantages of artificial intelligence (AI). Researchers are increasingly acknowledging the benefits of AI across several contexts, such as scientific publications, literature reviews, data analysis, and various stages of research. This acknowledgement illustrates that

artificial intelligence (AI) transcends mere novelty; it has the potential to serve as a valuable instrument for enhancing productivity and efficiency in research endeavors. Nonetheless, usability challenges persist despite favorable perceptions of AI, particularly with the perceived complexity of utilizing AI technologies for research. This underscores the necessity of offering researchers comprehensive training programs and intuitive interfaces to enable effective utilization of AI. Researchers can optimize the benefits of AI in their endeavors and overcome adoption obstacles by addressing these concerns. The same were results revealed Keles, & Aydin, (2021), a favorable trend towards the integration of AI as a valuable instrument in research methodologies. It is essential to prioritize efforts to improve usability and offer enough support as researchers persist in exploring and advancing the use of AI across many study domains. This will ensure that AI significantly improves study results.

CONCLUSIONS

It was concluded that the majority of the students said artificial intelligence provides significant opportunities for quality research work, The use of AI helps me to find new approaches to quality research and also can help to stay recent with the new developments in thesis work, AI can speed up the research process and enhance my research and data analysis skills, helps university graduates to identify research article and university graduates can complete projects with the help of AI, helps me to find out desired data quickly, AI tools can use for paraphrasing and to state research questions. Most of the students said that AI increases interdisciplinary research, research quality can be secure by the latest citation and referencing tools, AI can facilitate valid results, can provide evidence-based answers in research, AI empowers university graduates to enhance scientific research, AI can reduce biases, AI helps to remove plagiarism, AI helps to correct grammatical mistakes, AI helps to find perfect topic for research, AI helps to generate abstract, use AI tools for literature review and to find relevant research document to formulate research objectives and to state the research framework, use AI for summarizing and writing the research papers. More than half of the students said that AI tools are difficult to use for research purposes they can face many problems.

For university graduates, the effectiveness of research procedures has been greatly improved by AI tools and algorithms. Researchers can concentrate more on the creative aspects of their work by completing tasks like data analysis, literature review, and hypothesis testing more quickly and accurately. Graduates can now access enormous volumes of data and knowledge thanks to AI technologies, which makes it possible to do more thorough and nuanced research. Researchers can improve the quality of their study outputs by employing machine learning algorithms to find patterns, correlations, and insights that they might have missed using conventional methods. Through the integration of various data sources and approaches, AI facilitates interdisciplinary collaboration among recent graduates. This encourages a more comprehensive approach to study, empowering graduates to address challenging issues from several disciplinary and perspective points of view. AI-powered platforms provide individualized education that caters to each graduate's unique requirements and interests. Their research abilities are improved, and it also promotes professional growth and lifetime learning.

RECOMMENDATIONS

1. Universities should incorporate AI tools and techniques into research methodologies across disciplines. This includes training students on AI-driven data analysis, natural language processing for literature reviews, and predictive analytics for hypothesis testing.
2. Encourage graduates to use AI-powered tools for literature reviews. These tools can help in identifying relevant research papers, summarizing key findings, and detecting emerging trends in their field of study.

3. Foster collaborations between university departments and AI research labs. This can facilitate the development of custom AI solutions tailored to specific research needs, such as data collection, analysis, and visualization.
4. Ensure that graduates are trained in AI ethics and bias mitigation techniques. Understanding the ethical implications of AI in research is crucial for producing quality and unbiased results.
5. Provide graduates with access to AI resources such as high-performance computing clusters and open-source AI libraries. This enables them to implement AI algorithms effectively in their research projects.

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